

Noxious and Invasive Weeds of the Clark County Riparian Reserve

Muddy River Reserve Unit

Common Name	Scientific Name	State Listed Noxious ¹
Russian knapweed	<i>Acroptilon repens</i>	B
Australian saltbush	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	No
Fivehook bassia	<i>Bassia hyssopifolia</i>	No
Red brome	<i>Bromus rubens</i>	No
Malta starthistle	<i>Centaurea melitensis</i>	A
Field bindweed	<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>	No
Bermuda grass	<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>	No
Redstem stork's bill	<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	No
Prickly lettuce	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>	No
African mustard	<i>Malcolmia Africana</i>	No
Russian thistle	<i>Salsola kali</i>	No
London rocket	<i>Sisymbrium irio</i>	No
Saltcedar	<i>Tamarix ramosissima</i>	C
Puncturevine	<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>	C

Virgin River Reserve Unit

Common Name	Scientific Name	State Listed Noxious ¹
Camelthorn	<i>Alhagi maurorum</i>	A
Bermudagrass	<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>	No
Tall whitetop	<i>Lepidium latifolium</i>	C
Saltcedar	<i>Tamarix ramosissima</i>	C

Plant data for the Muddy River was supplied in part by the National Park Service Exotic Plant Management Team as a requirement for the Clark County project, Muddy River Botanical Inventory, Mapping and Weed Treatment, 2012.

¹ Nevada Department of Agriculture noxious weed categories:

- Category A weeds are generally not found or are limited in distribution throughout the state. These species are subject to active exclusion from the state, eradication where found, and eradication from nursery stock.
- Category B weeds are generally established in scattered populations in some counties of the state. These species are subject to active exclusion where possible and active eradication from nursery stock.
- Category C weeds are generally established and widespread in many counties of the state. These species are subject to active eradication from nursery stock.

Source: Nevada Department of Agriculture (2014)